

Polink-2 AP Broad Detection System
 (Polymer-Alkaline Phosphatase detection system, biotin-free, Anti-mouse/rabbit multivalent)
Second Generation of Polymer Detection System

Storage: 4-8°C

Catalog No.	<input type="checkbox"/> D24-110	110 ml (bulk, without chromogen)
	<input type="checkbox"/> D24-18	18 ml (without chromogen)
	<input type="checkbox"/> D24-6	6 ml (without chromogen)

Intended Use:

Polink-2 Detection kit is an alkaline phosphatase (AP) polymer detection system that is used for detecting mouse and rabbit primary antibodies bound to tissue sections. Polink-2 kit is the second generation polymer detection system that uses polymer helper and polymeric AP-linked antibody conjugates to get consistent immunostaining outcomes on archival tissues and on difficult-to-work antibodies, especially on some nuclear-stained antibodies. This technology provides excellent sensitivity and high specificity. It is a biotin-free system, therefore, overcomes the non-specific staining caused by streptavidin/biotin system due to endogenous biotin. These advantages provide laboratories the benefit of more accurate and quicker result, less trouble shooting and better cost-saving.

Kit components:

Catalog No.	Product Name	Reagent 1: AP-Polymer Helper (Ready-to-use)	Reagent 2: AP-Polymer anti-mouse/rabbit antibody (Ready-to-use)
D24-110	Polink-2 AP Bulk kit for Broad Spectrum	110ml	110ml
D24-18	Polink-2 AP Broad 18ml Kit	18ml	18ml
D24-6	Polink-2 AP Broad 6ml Kit	6ml	6ml

Recommended Protocol:

1. Fixation: To ensure the quality of the staining and obtain reproducible performance, user needs to supply appropriately fixed tissue and well prepared slides.
2. Tissue need to be adhered to the slide tightly to avoid tissue falling off.
3. Paraffin embedded section must be deparaffinized with xylene and rehydrated with a graded series of ethanol before staining.
4. Cell smear samples should be made into as thin of a monolayer as possible to obtain satisfactory results.
5. Investigator needs to optimize dilution and incubation times for primary antibodies.
6. Three control slides will aid the interpretation of the result: positive tissue control, reagent control (slides treated with Isotype control reagent), and negative control.
7. Staining steps: DO NOT let specimen or tissue dry from this point on.

Reagent	Staining Procedure	Incubation Time
1. HIER PRETREATMENT:	a. Heat Induced Epitope Retrieval (HIER) may be required for primary antibody suggested by vendor. Please check the data sheet of primary antibody. b. Wash with PBS for 2 minutes each time for 3 times.	
2. PRE-BLOCK SOLUTION Not included Recommend: E07-18, or E07-100	a. Add 2 drops (100 µL) or enough volume of PRE-BLOCK completely cover the tissue section, Incubate for 10 min. b. Drain or blot off solution. DO NOT RINSE.	10 min.
3. PRIMARY ANTIBODY Supplied by user	a. Apply 2 drops (100 µL) or enough volume of PRIMARY ANTIBODY to cover the tissue section completely. Incubate in moist chamber for 30-60 min. b. Rinse with PBS for 2 minutes each time for 3 times.	30-60 min.
4 AP- POLYMER HELPER (Ready-to-use). Reagent 1	a. Apply 2 drops (100 µL) or enough volume of AP- POLYMER HELPER to cover each section. Incubate in moist chamber for 15- 20 min. b. Rinse with PBS for 2 minutes each time for 3 times.	15-20 min.
5. AP- POLYMER anti-	a. Apply 2 drops (100 µL) or enough volume of AP- POLYMER to cover each section.	15-20 min.

mouse/rabbit IgG (Reday-to-use) Reagent 2	Incubate in moist chamber for 15-20 min. b. Rinse with PBS for 2 minutes each time for 3 times. c. Rinse with tap water.	
6. CHROMOGEN Supplied by user.	Recommended products: a. Fast-Red kit (Cat. No. C03-60) good for 600 slides b. AP-Red+ kit (Cat. No. C04-8) 40x good for 2000 slides c. BCIP/NBT RTU kit (Cat. No. C05-100, C05-18)	Refer to vendor's data sheet
7. HEMATOXYLIN Supplied by user	a. Counterstain with Hematoxylin for 20-30 seconds . b. Rinse slides under tap water for 1-2 minutes c. Put slides in PBS until show blue color (about 60-90 seconds) d. Rinse well in distill or tap water.	
8. SIMPO-MOUNT (Cat#E03-18 or E03-100) Not included	a. Apply 3 drops or enough volume of Simpo-Mount on the tissue. Must apply Simpo-Mount when tissue is wet. b. Rotate the slides to allow Simpo- Mount spread evenly to cover the tissue section, DO NOT cover slip on top of the Simpo-Mount. c. Place slides in an oven at 40-50°C for at least 30 minutes or leave it at room temperature until slides are thoroughly dried. Slow dry at room temperature will help to eliminate the air bubbles. Hardened Simpo-Mount forms an impervious permanent mount to organic solvents.	

Protocol Notes:

1. The fixation, tissue slide thickness, and primary antibody dilution and incubation time affect results significantly. Investigator needs to consider all factors and determine optimal conditions when interpreting the result.
2. Tissue staining is dependent upon the proper handling and processing of tissues prior to staining. Improper tissue preparation may lead to false negative results or inconsistent results.
3. Do not mix reagents from different lot.
4. Do not allow the slides to dry at any time during staining.

Related Products:

Product	Catalog No.	Size	Product	Catalog No.	Size
Polink-2 HRP Broad Bulk kit for DAB (without DAB)	D22-110 D22-60	110ml 60ml	Fast Red Kit	C03-6	12 Tab + 60ml
Polink-2 HRP Broad DAB kit	D22-18 / D22-6	18ml / 6ml	AP-Red+ Kit (40x)	C04-8	8ml
Polink-2 HRP Broad Bulk kit for AEC (without AEC)	D23-110 D23-60	110ml 60ml	BCIP/NBT Kit	C05-100 C05-18	100ml 18ml
Polink-2 HRP Broad AEC kit	D23-18 / D23-6	18ml / 6ml	Simpo-Mount	E03-100/ E03-18	100ml/ 18ml
AEC kit (20x)	C01-12	12ml	DAB+ Kit (20x)	C09-12	12ml +240ml

Precautions:

Please wear gloves and take other necessary precautions.

Remarks:

For research use only.

References:

1. Bisgaard K, Pluzed KP. *Use of polymer conjugates in immunohistochemistry: A comparative study of a traditional staining method to a staining method utilizing polymer conjugates.* Abstract XXI Intl Cong Intl Acad Pathol and 12th World Cong Acad Environ Pathol. Budapest, Hungary, October 20-25, 1996.
2. Shi ZR, Itzkowitz SH, Kim YS. A comparison of three immunoperoxidase techniques for antigen detection in colorectal carcinoma tissues. *J Histochem Cytochem* 36:317-322,